

# **BIOTA Biodiversity Credits**

Whitepaper

BY BIOTA NEXUS AUGUST, 2024



### **Foreword**

We are pleased to present this whitepaper, a product of our dedicated efforts and collective vision for a sustainable future. This document is more than an outline of our methodologies and strategies; it is a testament to our steadfast commitment to biodiversity conservation. Our journey began with a profound understanding of the urgent need to address biodiversity loss, and we are driven by the belief that advanced financial strategies can create meaningful change. At BIOTA, we recognize that preserving our planet's rich biodiversity is not only an environmental necessity but also a moral duty.

BIOTA was established with the mission to innovate in the field of biodiversity conservation through the creation of a responsible trading market. Biodiversity is fundamental to life on Earth, offering essential services that sustain human existence and maintain ecological balance. However, it faces unprecedented threats from human activities and climate change.

These credits are generated through locally led, transparent, and credible (third-party certified) conservation efforts. We aim to engage with and support Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities (IPLCs) by involving them directly in conservation activities and providing them with financial incentives that promote sustainable practices.

This whitepaper reflects our dedication to creating impactful and sustainable conservation initiatives. We believe that by leveraging advanced technology, forming strategic partnerships, and engaging with local communities.

We invite you to join us in this transformative journey. Together, we can create a sustainable future for our planet and its inhabitants.

With heartfelt gratitude and hope,

The BIOTA NEXUS Team



### How this Whitepaper was produced

The production of this whitepaper was a collaborative effort involving key stakeholders and experts from BIOTA NEXUS and FUNDECOR. This document was meticulously crafted to provide a comprehensive overview of BIOTA's strategies, methodologies, and vision for biodiversity conservation. The authors—Alejandro Solís, Leader of BIOTA NEXUS; Bryan Benavides, Business Director of BIOTA NEXUS; Mario Piedra, Executive Director of FUNDECOR; and Cristian Zúñiga, Fundraiser at FUNDECOR—brought their diverse expertise and insights to ensure the whitepaper reflects a thorough and balanced perspective.

The whitepaper aims to provide an honest and transparent view of our approach to contributing to the regional and global development of the biodiversity credits market. By presenting our strategies and methodologies clearly, we aim to engage stakeholders and foster a collaborative environment that supports the growth and sustainability of biodiversity conservation efforts worldwide. The combined efforts of the authors ensure that the whitepaper presents a visionary strategy and offers practical solutions grounded in real-world experiences.



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# **Executive Summary**

This whitepaper outlines BIOTA's innovative approach to biodiversity conservation through the use of biodiversity credits. It presents our methodology, which integrates advanced technology, strategic partnerships, and community engagement to achieve significant conservation outcomes.

#### **Key Points:**

Purpose and Vision: BIOTA aims to create a robust market for biodiversity credits, supporting global conservation efforts and driving positive environmental impacts. Our vision is to establish a system where biodiversity credits are a standard financial instrument, driving sustainable development and ecological preservation worldwide.

#### Purpose and Vision

BIOTA aims to create a robust market for biodiversity credits, supporting global conservation efforts and driving positive environmental impacts. Our vision is to establish a system where biodiversity credits are a standard financial instrument, driving sustainable development and ecological preservation worldwide.

#### Methodology

Our phased approach includes NGO engagement, technical site characterization, development of pricing and business models, systematization and data management, and market launch and commercialization. Each phase ensures that biodiversity credits are credible, scientifically sound, and marketable.

#### **Expansion Plans**

BIOTA focuses on expanding into Central America and the Caribbean, regions characterized by rich biodiversity and socio-economic challenges. Our strategy involves understanding local contexts, fostering collaborative efforts, building local capacities, and advocating for supportive policies.



#### Technological Integration

We utilize high-resolution land cover mapping, and blockchain technology to enhance biodiversity monitoring accuracy, ensure data integrity, and facilitate transparent transactions. These technologies enable real-time data collection and analysis, providing deeper insights into conservation efforts.

#### Alliances and Partnerships

BIOTA seeks to form strategic alliances with NGOs, investors, and technology companies to scale impact and ensure the success of biodiversity credit projects. Collaborative projects, investor engagement, and knowledge sharing are central to our strategy.

#### Innovation and Improvement

We are committed to continuous improvement, aligning our methodologies with global standards, exploring special purpose vehicles (SPVs) for financing, and developing participative methods for stakeholder engagement.

#### Call to Action

BIOTA's success and the broader impact of biodiversity credits depend on the active participation and collaboration of various stakeholders. We invite NGOs, investors, technology partners, and community leaders to join us in this transformative journey. By partnering with BIOTA, you can contribute to creating sustainable conservation projects that protect biodiversity and provide socio-economic benefits to local communities.

### Contact Information: For more information, please contact us at info@biota.land



### Introduction

### **BACKGROUND**

Biodiversity credits are a revolutionary financial instrument that balances ecological sustainability with economic growth. These verifiable and quantifiable rewards have positive biodiversity outcomes, such as preserving and restoring species, ecosystems, and natural habitats. Over a fixed period, these credits are created and sold as either land or ocean-based biodiversity units.

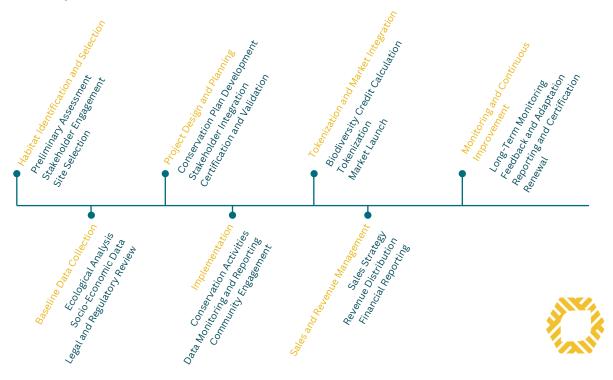


Figure 01. Overview of a "traditional" process from habitat identification to market creation for biodiversity credits.

Anchoring biodiversity credits around high integrity, equity, inclusion, and transparency principles is crucial. These principles ensure that the benefits extend to Indigenous Peoples and local communities, the traditional custodians and stewards of nature. For generations, these communities have safeguarded their natural environments, and biodiversity credits provide a mechanism to support their ongoing conservation efforts.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> https://initiatives.weforum.org/financing-for-nature/about



Efforts have been made since years ago by the design of The Goals and Targets of the Kunming–Montreal Biodiversity Framework (KMGBF) (Figure 2) which includes a set of umbrella themes that are relevant for understanding purpose, implementation, monitoring, and reporting of all goals and targets. As IISD described in their December 2023 conference summary, Section C "makes the GBF a more inclusive and holistic system than its predecessor. It first reiterates the important roles and contributions of Indigenous Peoples and local communities... as custodians of biodiversity and partners in conservation, and their rights under the UN Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples and other international instruments.

**Kunming-Montreal Global Biodiversity Framework** 

#### Themes and Targets 23. Ensure gender equality 1. Reducing land- and sea-use change 22. Respecting rights and cultures of Indigenous 2. Restoration of degraded ecosystems peoples and local communities 3. Protect and conserve areas 21. Ensure data, information and knowledge, are accessible to decision 4. Halting species extinctions and makers, practitioners and the public reducing extinction risk 20. Strengthen capacity-building and 5. Harvesting and trade of wild species technical and scientific cooperation Global 6. Managing invasive alien species 19. Substantially and progressively increase the level of financial resources Biodiversity 7. Reducing negative impact of pollution on biodiversity 18. Identify, and eliminate, phase out or Framework reform incentives, including subsidies 8. Minimize impacts of climate change 17. Establish, strengthen capacity for, 9. Management of wild species and implement biosafety measures as set out in Article 8(g) 10. Agriculture, aquaculture, fisheries, and forests are sustainably managed 16. Encourage and enable sustainable consumption choices 11. Restore, maintain and enhance nature's contributions 15. Integrate legal, administrative or policy to people, including ecosystem functions and services measures within business and financial institutions 12. Urban blue and green spaces 14. Integrate biodiversity and its multiple values into policies, regulations, planning and development processes 13. Fair and equitable sharing of genetic resources and DSI

Figure 02. Kunming-Montrea Global Biodiversity Framework Thems and Targets.
Source: Shape of Nature

In this landscape, biodiversity credits can offer significant advantages for businesses. They help companies reduce their exposure to physical nature risks, align with regulatory changes, support positive biodiversity outcomes favored by consumers, and secure access to competitive finance. As businesses increasingly face scrutiny over their environmental impact, biodiversity credits offer a tangible way to demonstrate commitment to sustainability.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> https://shapeofnature.ca/the-goals-and-targets-of-the-kunming-montreal-biodiversity-framework-kmgbf/



The financial requirements to protect and promote biodiversity are substantial. According to the World Economic Forum, an estimated \$844 billion annually is needed over the next decade to safeguard global biodiversity. Outstanding challenges still need to be addressed despite the slow emergence of biodiversity finance from the shadows of environmental, social, and governance (ESG) investing. These include risk identification and measurement, standardized disclosure and reporting protocols, product design and supply constraints, and market illiquidity.

**Greater financial innovation is necessary**, drawing parallels with the evolution of climate finance, which has paved the way for biodiversity finance. The Forum's Biodiversity Finance Initiative aims to develop a unified approach to removing barriers to investor action and fostering a robust market for biodiversity credits. This initiative highlights the urgent need for innovative financial solutions to address biodiversity crises.

Biodiversity credits function as an economic tool that allows private companies to fund conservation activities, such as forest restoration, yielding net positive biodiversity gains. Non-profit organizations, governments, landowners, or companies with conservation goals generate these credits, equating one biodiversity credit to a specific area of conserved or restored land over a defined period. Private companies purchase these credits to meet biodiversity or nature-based commitments, similar to how carbon credits are used to achieve emissions-reduction goals. However, biodiversity credits differ because they aim for a net positive impact on biodiversity, unlike biodiversity offsets which compensate for negative impacts.

Ensuring biodiversity credit projects deliver on their promises, requires third-party organizations to verify the credibility and integrity of these credits. These organizations set performance standards, establish monitoring and measurement protocols for biodiversity outcomes, and safeguard local communities' rights.

The biodiversity credit market and the established carbon market are in its early stages. To be effective and robust, this market must align private sector finance with nature-positive goals and achieve just and equitable outcomes. Although biodiversity credits show promise, numerous issues need resolution to ensure a viable, transparent, and accountable market. The concept of biodiversity credits aims to place economic values on ecosystems, thereby financing the preservation of biodiversity. This approach is supported by an alliance of

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> https://intelligence.weforum.org/topics/a1G68000000KzQvEAK

<sup>4</sup> https://www.biodiversitycreditalliance.org/



conservationists and policymakers, including the United Nations. While some analysts believe biodiversity credits can notably boost conservation efforts, others remain skeptical.

These credits operate by identifying critical habitats and forming partnerships with landowners. A biological survey establishes the baseline condition of the habitat, followed by the creation of a plan to enhance and protect it over a specified period, typically a decade or longer. If the habitat achieves the agreed-upon improvement goals, a biodiversity credit is generated and can be sold. The revenue from the credit is then shared between the landowner and the biodiversity credit developer.

Although the biodiversity credit market is nascent, with only a few companies currently offering credits for sale, the potential for standardization and international trade is significant. However, challenges remain in demonstrating the effectiveness of these credits and ensuring they provide the intended benefits.

# BIOTA: A LOCAL INITIATIVE WITH GLOBAL ASPIRATIONS

Established in 2019, BIOTA aims to address the urgent need for biodiversity conservation through innovative financial mechanisms. Collaborating with the NGO FUNDECOR (Fundación para el Desarrollo de la Cordillera Volcánica Central), BIOTA has developed a scalable and replicable methodology for creating biodiversity credits. This initiative is grounded in the principles of high integrity, equity, inclusion, and transparency, ensuring that conservation efforts provide meaningful benefits to local communities while contributing to global biodiversity conservation. (Figure 3)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> https://www.researchgate.net/publication/378680979\_Biodiversity\_credits\_learning\_lessons\_from\_other\_approaches\_to\_incentivize\_conservation

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> https://www.wri.org/insights/biodiversity-credits-explained



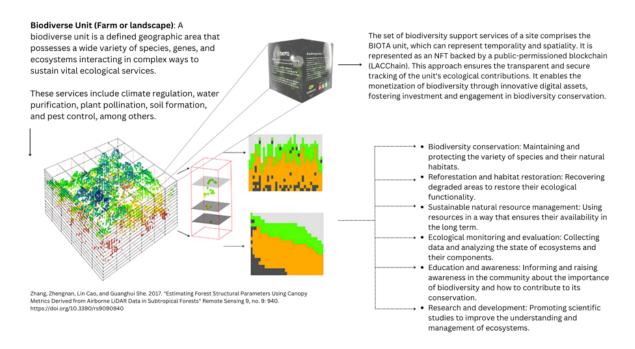


Figure 03. BIOTA's schematic approach incorporates the Biodiversity Units and the BIOTA unit as key value drivers.



BIOTA's core objective is to enable and streamline investments in biodiversity conservation by providing a robust, transparent platform that ensures the integrity of biodiversity data. This platforme engage with and support Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities (IPLCs) by directly involving them in conservation activities.

### MARKET ANALYSIS

Global biodiversity is facing unprecedented challenges. The primary drivers of biodiversity loss include habitat destruction, climate change, pollution, overexploitation, and invasive species. These factors have led to a substantial decline in species populations and ecosystems, threatening the stability of natural systems humans rely on for food, water, and climate regulation. The World Economic Forum highlights that biodiversity loss is accelerating, with an estimated 1 million species at risk of extinction.

WEF\_2023\_Biodiversity\_Credits\_Demand\_Analysis\_and\_Market\_Outlook.pdf (weforum.org)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> BCAlssuePaper\_DemandOverview06122023-final.pdf (biodiversitycreditalliance.org)



#### CHALLENGES IN BIODIVERSITY FINANCE

Biodiversity finance has emerged as a fast-growing area in green finance with increased interest from investors, financial institutions, and issuers globally. However, there are several challenges that need to be addressed to effectively scale up biodiversity finance.

- Insufficient industry and local community buy-in: There is a need for greater buy-in from industries and local communities to support biodiversity finance initiatives<sup>10</sup>.
- Uncertain environmental integrity of offsets and other mechanisms: The environmental integrity of offsets and other biodiversity finance mechanisms is often uncertain, which can undermine their effectiveness<sup>11</sup>, <sup>12</sup>.
- Lack of standardized data, metrics, and consistent frameworks: The absence of standardized data, metrics, and consistent frameworks makes it difficult to measure and track the impact of biodiversity finance<sup>13</sup>.
- Need to integrate biodiversity into planning, operations, and reporting: There is a need to better integrate biodiversity considerations into business planning, operations, and reporting.
- Dearth of bankable biodiversity projects: There is a lack of bankable biodiversity projects that can attract investment.
- "Perverse" economic incentives: Governments spend about \$500 billion per year in economic support that is potentially harmful to biodiversity

   five to six times more than the current level of spending on biodiversity protection. These perverse economic incentives drive environmental harm over conservation, restoration, and sustainable use of nature.
- Data gaps and inconsistencies: Various initiatives are underway to improve the assessment, tracking, and reporting of biodiversity finance flows. Nevertheless, data gaps and inconsistencies persist<sup>15</sup>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Biodiversity Finance Reference Guide (ifc.org)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> REPORT\_Biodiversity\_Finance\_Factbook\_master\_230321.pdf (bbhub.io)

<sup>11</sup> ibidem

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Biocredits to finance nature and people: emerging lessons | IIED Publications Library

<sup>13</sup> Ibidem

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> Unlocking Private Finance for Nature (worldbank.org)

<sup>15</sup> Biodiversity | OECD



# MARKET NEED: ANALYSIS OF THE DEMAND FOR BIODIVERSITY CREDITS

Biodiversity credits are emerging as a crucial tool to finance conservation efforts and promote sustainable practices. These credits represent measurable, verifiable units of biodiversity outcomes that can be traded in markets. Several factors drive the demand for biodiversity credits:

- Corporate Sustainability Goals: Companies are increasingly committing to nature-positive targets and seeking biodiversity credits to offset their environmental impacts<sup>16</sup>.
- Regulatory Requirements: Governments and international bodies are implementing policies and regulations that require businesses to mitigate their biodiversity impacts<sup>17</sup>.
- **Investor Pressure:** Investors prioritize environmental, social, and governance (ESG) criteria, pushing companies to demonstrate their biodiversity commitments<sup>18</sup>.
- **Public Awareness:** Growing public concern about biodiversity loss drives demand for transparent and accountable conservation efforts<sup>19</sup>.

#### COMPETITIVE LANDSCAPE

The biodiversity credit market is still nascent, but several key players are already making strides:

- **Pollination Group:** Known for their comprehensive analysis of biodiversity credit schemes, Pollination Group is a remarkable player in the market<sup>20</sup>.
- **Biodiversity Credit Alliance (BCA):** BCA guides a credible and scalable biodiversity credit market, focusing on high-integrity transactions<sup>21</sup>.
- World Economic Forum (WEF): WEF's Biodiversity Credits Initiative is advancing the debate on emerging markets for biodiversity credits<sup>22</sup>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> 2pollinationgroup.com/wp-content/uploads/2023/10/Global-Review-of-Biodiversity-Credit-Schemes-Pollination-October-2023.pdf

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> biodiversity-credits-demand-drivers-and-guidance-on-early-use | World Economic Forum (weforum.org)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> Demand-side Sources and Motivation for Biodiversity Credits | Publications | Landscape Finance Lab

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> Demand-Side Sources and Motivation for Biodiversity Credits | Biodiversity Credits (yale.edu)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> WEF\_Biodiversity\_Credits\_A\_Guide\_to\_Support\_Early\_Use\_with\_High\_Integrity\_2023.pdf (weforum.org)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> WEF\_2023\_Biodiversity\_Credits\_Demand\_Analysis\_and\_Market\_Outlook.pdf (weforum.org)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> Biodiversity Credits Markets: Charting Pathways for Early Investment and Sustainable Market Growth - Climate Focus



Other projects and methodology creators are starting with local and national projects, examples like:

- Terrasos is a habitat banking pioneer, focusing on preserving and restoring threatened ecosystems in Colombia. Established in 2013, Terrasos created Latin America's first habitat bank in 2016. Their projects aim to protect and restore over 55,000 hectares of land through sustainable investments and environmental offsets. Terrasos' methodology emphasizes long-term impact, transparency, and scientific rigor, ensuring robust conservation actions back their biodiversity credits<sup>23</sup>.
- Value Nature facilitates the development of biodiversity credit projects across the Global South, covering over 500,000 hectares. They collaborate with organizations like Plan Vivo and Verra to develop nature crediting methodologies. Value Nature's projects focus on delivering measurable and verifiable biodiversity and social returns. They use advanced monitoring technologies, such as bioacoustics sensors and satellite imagery, to ensure the integrity of their conservation efforts. Their Nature Investment Certificates represent a 10-year commitment to conserve or restore land, providing a transparent and impactful way for investors to support biodiversity<sup>24</sup>.
- Wilderlands has developed one of the world's first voluntary biodiversity credits, focusing on the permanent protection and active management of high-conservation value land in Australia. Their Biological Diversity Units (BDUs) represent one square meter of protected land, geotagged and certified for transparency. Wilderlands partners with leading conservation organizations to ensure their projects' effectiveness, which includes protecting diverse ecosystems like the Otway Ranges and the Victorian Riverina<sup>25</sup>.

#### **BIOTA'S UNIQUE POSITIONING:**

While not extensive in land area, we recognize that the Central American and Caribbean region boasts immense biodiversity, hosting over 6% of the world's biodiversity and serving as a natural bridge between North and South America. Our concept incorporates various value-added elements, emphasizing flexibility and respect for local communities and organizations. This approach allows them to adapt the BIOTA project to their specific needs, rather than vice versa. By understanding these complexities we have some differentiators:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup> Take action for biodiversity - Terrasos

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup> ValueNature – Investments That Matter

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>25</sup> https://wilderlands.earth/



- Innovative Solutions: BIOTA employs advanced technology to precisely measure and verify biodiversity outcomes, partnering with credible organizations or adherence to international standards.
- Strategic Partnerships: Collaborations with leading conservation organizations and regulatory bodies enhance BIOTA's credibility and extend its reach.
- **Comprehensive Approach:** BIOTA integrates biodiversity credits within broader sustainability strategies, providing clients with effective solutions to meet their environmental goals.
- Landscape Approach: Addressing climate challenges requires a landscapelevel impact. While we work with individual farms, our focus is on scaling efforts to impact the Central American and Caribbean region significantly.
- **Integrating Financial Vehicles**: We add value by incorporating financial vehicles into our process, facilitating the sustainable and secure flow of climate finance to developing countries.
- **Business Model:** Our business model is distinct; our success is tied to the success of the organizations and farmers we support. At BIOTA, we do not own any land, allowing organizations to decide and manage their assets independently.
- **Agnostic Technology:** We utilize agnostic technology, meaning it can easily adapt to various projects, from primary forests to coastal mangroves, acknowledging the complexities of the regional landscape.





# Biota's Approach

### **METHODOLOGY**

BIOTA's methodology is founded on forming high-quality conservation alliances and designing projects tailored to the local context. This approach incorporates local organizations, technological support, and active stakeholder engagement, ensuring the creation of impactful and effective conservation products.

#### High Integrity and Transparency

Utilizing cutting-edge technologies such as blockchain and smart contracts, BIOTA ensures blockchain-based transparent and traceable transactions. This guarantees the credibility and accountability of biodiversity credits, fostering trust among investors and stakeholders.

#### **Equity and Inclusion**

BIOTA places a strong emphasis on equity and inclusion by ensuring that Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities (IPLCs), the traditional custodians of biodiversity, are key beneficiaries of the conservation efforts. By involving these communities in the creation and management of biodiversity credits, we aim to promote sustainable livelihoods and preserve cultural heritage.

#### Scalability and Replicability

Our approach is designed to be scalable and replicable across different regions and ecosystems. This allows BIOTA to address biodiversity conservation on a global scale, adapting our methodology to suit local conditions and requirements.

#### Strategic Conservation Alliances

BIOTA forms strategic alliances with local conservation organizations to leverage their expertise and ensure that projects are contextually appropriate. These alliances are crucial for understanding local biodiversity challenges and opportunities, facilitating the development of effective conservation strategies.



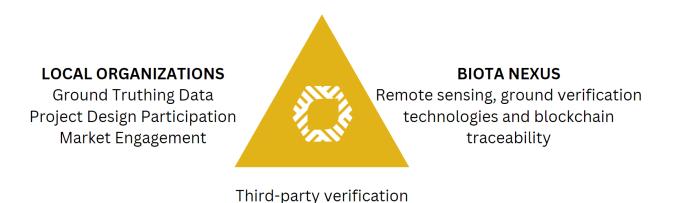


Figure 04. BIOTA's three-way connection approach.

#### **BIOTA`S METHODOLOGY INVOLVES:**

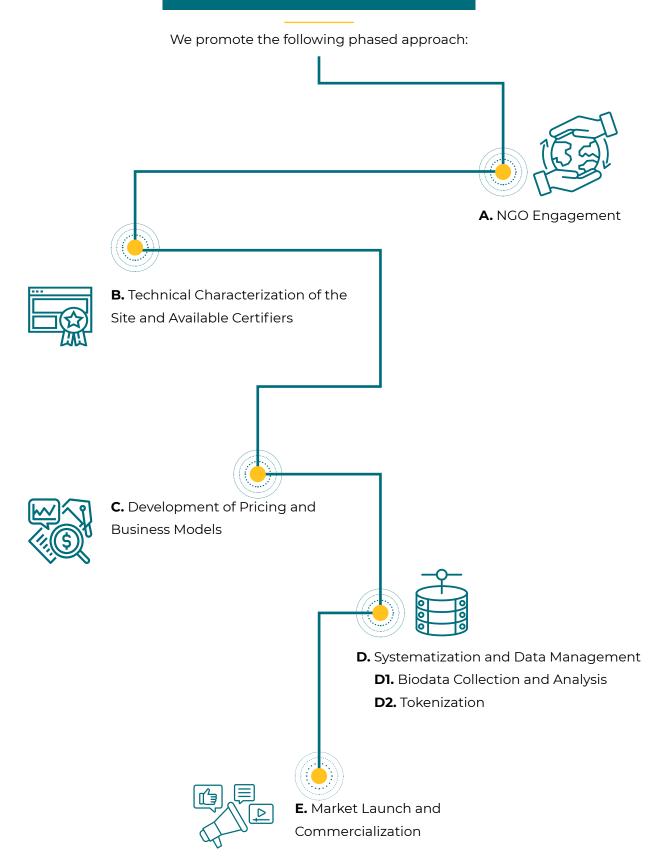
The success of BIOTA's biodiversity credit initiatives is supported by a context-based approach that integrates advanced technologies and community engagement to create a robust, transparent platform for biodiversity credits. Our approach encompasses the following key elements:

- Data Collection and Analysis: Utilizing cutting-edge technology, BIOTA gathers
  and analyzes ecosystem data from various credible sources. This ensures
  accurate and comprehensive insights into ecosystem biodiversity value.
- **Biodiversity Valuation**: BIOTA employs a combination of scientific and economic methodologies to assess ecosystems' biodiversity value precisely. This valuation informs the creation of biodiversity credits.
- **Blockchain Integration**: BIOTA integrates blockchain technology to ensure transparency and trust in biodiversity data. This reinforces the integrity of the entire process, from data collection to credit issuance.
- Market Engagement: BIOTA focuses on creating and selling biodiversity credits based on verified data, fostering a sustainable market for biodiversity assets.
- Community Participation: Central to BIOTA's approach is the active involvement of Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities (IPLCs). This ensures sustainable management practices and equitable benefits distribution, promoting ecological conservation and socio-economic development.





### **BIOTA'S APPROACH PHASES**







### NGO ENGAGEMENT

Effective NGO engagement is a cornerstone of BIOTA's approach to biodiversity conservation. The success of biodiversity credits hinges on partnerships with organizations deeply committed to land conservation, whether through afforestation, private land management, Indigenous peoples' stewardship, reforestation, mangrove restoration, or any other landscape supporting vital ecosystem services.

#### CRITERIA FOR NGO SELECTION

To ensure the highest impact, BIOTA partners with trusted organizations with a proven track record in conservation and social action. These NGOs must demonstrate:

- **Proven Conservation Success**: A history of successful conservation projects with tangible ecosystem preservation and restoration results.
- Community and Social Engagement: Active engagement with local communities, particularly indigenous peoples, recognizing their role as traditional custodians of the land. Social actions that enhance community well-being and promote sustainable livelihoods are crucial.
- Sustainability Model: A commitment to sustainable models beyond philanthropy, integrating biodiversity credits into their financial strategy to ensure long-term sustainability and scalability of conservation efforts.
- **Transparency and Accountability:** Operation with transparency and clear accountability mechanisms for their conservation and social initiatives.
- Capacity and Willingness to Innovate: Ability to adopt and implement new technologies
  and approaches, such as biodiversity credits and tokenization, leveraging biodata and
  digital platforms to enhance conservation efforts and engage stakeholders.

BIOTA's approach to biodiversity conservation is based on forming strategic partnerships with NGOs through a well-defined collaboration framework contract. This contract outlines the roles, responsibilities, and shared objectives, ensuring alignment with BIOTA's mission and the partnership's specific conservation goals.





#### **ENGAGEMENT PROCESS** •

#### 1. Identification and Assessment

- **Rigorous Evaluation:** BIOTA conducts a comprehensive assessment of potential NGO partners, focusing on their conservation impact, community engagement, and financial sustainability.
- **Review of Past Projects:** An in-depth review of the NGO's previous projects, financial health, and strategic plans to ensure they meet BIOTA's standards and objectives.

#### 2. Building Collaborative Frameworks

- **Defining Roles and Responsibilities**: BIOTA works closely with selected NGO's to establish a collaborative framework that clearly defines roles, responsibilities, and objectives.
- **Alignment with BIOTA's Mission**: Ensuring that the NGO's conservation goals align with BIOTA's mission and overarching conservation objectives.

#### 3. Capacity Building and Support

- Enhancing Capabilities: BIOTA provides comprehensive support to enhance the NGO's
  capacity to implement biodiversity credits, including training on new technologies, data
  management practices, and strategies for engaging local communities and stakeholders.
- **Technological and Strategic Support:** Assistance in adopting and effectively utilizing innovative tools and practices necessary for successfully implementing biodiversity credits.

#### 4. Monitoring and Evaluation

- Establishing KPIs: BIOTA and the NGO jointly establish key performance indicators (KPIs) to measure progress and impact.
- Regular Reviews: Continuous monitoring and evaluation are integral to the partnership, and regular progress reviews ensure that conservation efforts are on track and achieving desired outcomes.

#### 5. Sustained Engagement and Adaptation

- Dynamic Partnership: The partnership between BIOTA and the NGO is designed to be dynamic and adaptable, allowing for ongoing refinement of approaches based on ground realities and evolving conservation needs.
- **Long-Term Success:** Sustained engagement ensures conservation projects' long-term success and scalability, allowing them to adapt to new challenges and opportunities.





At BIOTA, we believe that not owning the land involved in our initiatives strengthens our commitment to transparency. Instead, we recognize the evolution of social organizations as essential promoters and agents of paradigm shifts. This is why we collaborate with NGOs as partners.

### B

# TECHNICAL CHARACTERIZATION OF THE SITE AND AVAILABLE CERTIFIERS

Understanding the site is fundamental for the success of biodiversity credits. This process involves assessing the availability of data proxies, understanding local and national regulations, identifying risks and opportunities, and leveraging the combined technical capabilities of the BIOTA team and NGO partners. This comprehensive approach ensures that conservation efforts are well-informed, legally compliant, and strategically sound.

#### **AVAILABILITY OF DATA PROXIES**

Accurate data is the foundation of effective biodiversity credits. This data can be sourced from:

- Official Geospatial Data: National and regional geographic information systems (GIS) provide detailed maps and spatial data critical for understanding the landscape. This data includes topography, land use, vegetation cover, and hydrological features.
- Global Data: International databases and platforms offer valuable insights, such as those provided by organizations like the World Resources Institute (WRI) and the United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP). These datasets can include satellite imagery, biodiversity hotspots, and global conservation priorities.
- National Geodata: Country-specific data sources, such as national biodiversity inventories, forest registries, and environmental monitoring systems, provide localized information essential for detailed site characterization.

Integrating these data sources provides a thorough understanding of the site's ecological characteristics, aiding in identifying areas with high conservation value and potential for biodiversity credits. This approach also ensures alignment with national or local official data, which is crucial if governmental support is needed.



# ADJACENT DRIVERS FOR NGO CONSERVATION PROMOTION

Understanding the motivations of NGOs in promoting conservation and designing biodiversity credits is vital. These drivers can include:

- Environmental Stewardship: Many NGOs are driven by a mission to protect and restore natural habitats and biodiversity. Biodiversity credits align with this mission by providing a financial mechanism to support conservation efforts.
- Community Engagement: NGOs often work closely with local communities, particularly
  indigenous populations, to enhance their livelihoods through sustainable practices.
  Biodiversity credits can offer economic benefits to these communities, incentivizing
  conservation activities.
- **Policy Advocacy:** NGOs may also be motivated by a desire to influence environmental policy and promote sustainable development. By participating in biodiversity credit schemes, they can demonstrate the viability of market-based conservation strategies.

Understanding the above drivers helps *tailor the biodiversity credit design* to align with the NGO's goals and maximize the impact of the conservation efforts.

# UNDERSTANDING LOCAL AND NATIONAL REGULATIONS

Compliance with local and national regulations is essential for the legitimacy and sustainability of biodiversity credits. Key considerations include:

- Environmental Laws: Understanding the legal framework governing land use, conservation, and environmental protection is critical. This includes regulations related to protected areas, endangered species, and habitat restoration.
- **Property Rights:** Establishing clear land ownership and use rights is critical to ensuring the legal enforceability of biodiversity credits. This process involves verifying property titles and understanding any land use restrictions. It can be a controversial and complex issue, especially when involving Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities (IPLCs).



#### CERTIFICATES AND THIRD-PARTY VALIDATORS

BIOTA doesn't recommend or is attached to any certification entity; we acknowledge the investor's need for one as a validator of the responsible conditions of the credit's value. We encourage the NGO to arrange for a specific certification body.

The choice of certificates and third-party validators is important in establishing the credibility and marketability of biodiversity credits. The selection largely depends on the target market and the specific conservation goals of the NGO. For example, pursuing certifications such as PEFC (Programme for the Endorsement of Forest Certification) ST 1003 or the Forestry Stewardship Council (FSC) could be a way forward for NGOs involved in Sustainable Forest Management (like FUNDECOR). These certifications ensure the quality and sustainability of ecosystem services provided by forest management practices.

In addition to forest management certifications, NGOs can enhance the value of their biodiversity credits by obtaining biodiversity-specific certifications. Examples include SD-Vista (Sustainable Development Verified Impact Standard) by Verra, the Gold Standard, and Puro. Earth.

Further support can be garnered from frameworks established by the Voluntary Carbon Market Integrity Initiative (VCMI) and the Integrity Council for the Voluntary Carbon Market (ICVCM). These initiatives offer guidelines and standards to ensure the transparency and accountability of voluntary carbon markets, which can be instrumental in the credibility of biodiversity credits.

# KEY CERTIFICATIONS AND VALIDATORS IN SUSTAINABLE FOREST MANAGEMENT (SFM):

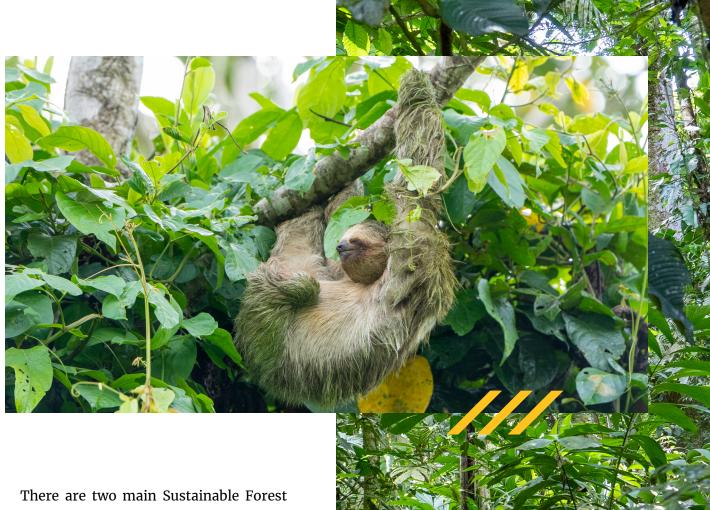
In the case of FUNDECOR, sustainable forest management is the primary focus. Most landowners have chosen to collaborate with this NGO to enhance the quality of their management practices responsibly.

A study published in PLOS ONE reveals that implementing sustainable forest management in degraded natural production forests can enhance the diversity and abundance of vertebrate species. This method also boosts carbon storage in tropical rainforest ecosystems <sup>26</sup>. An FAO report underscores that sustainable forest management safeguards the diverse species inhabiting forests, which include approximately 80% of amphibian species, 75% of bird species, and 68% of mammal species. The report highlights that sustainable practices are crucial in preventing deforestation and forest degradation, which pose significant threats to biodiversity <sup>27</sup>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>26</sup> Co-Benefits of Sustainable Forest Management in Biodiversity Conservation and Carbon Sequestration | PLOS ONE

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>27</sup> How sustainable forest management can enhance the world's biodiversity (fao.org)





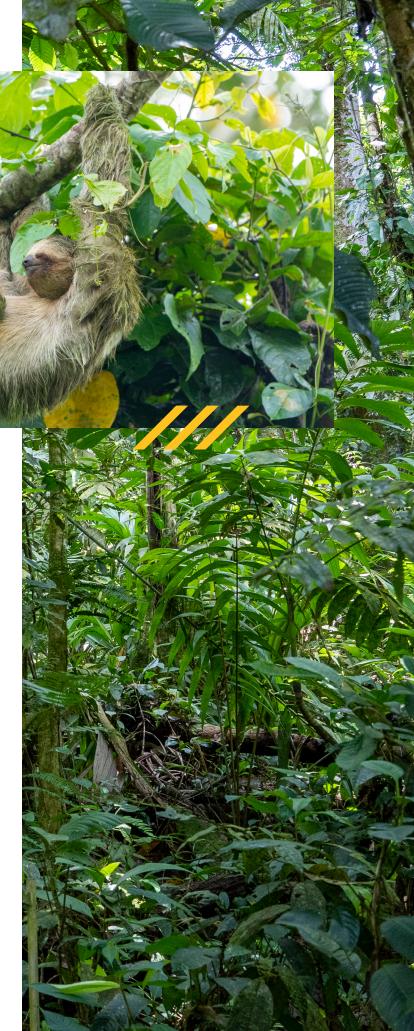
Management Certificators:

#### **PEFC ST 1003**

This certification by the Programme for the Endorsement of Forest Certification focuses on sustainable forest management practices and the maintenance of ecosystem services.

#### **FORESTRY STEWARDSHIP** COUNCIL (FSC)

 $Recognized\ globally, FSC\ certification$ ensures that forest management practices are environmentally responsible, socially beneficial, and economically viable. FUNDECOR is currently using the FSC Ecosystem Services Certification, as explained in the box below.



#### **FSC ECOSYSTEM SERVICES CERTIFICATION**

#### Overview:

The Forest Stewardship Council (FSC) Ecosystem Services Certification recognizes and promotes the positive impacts of responsible forest management on ecosystem services. Introduced in 2018, this certification aims to demonstrate and communicate the benefits of forests, such as clean water, productive soil, and carbon sequestration.

#### **Key Components:**

- Verified Positive Impacts: The certification verifies the positive impacts of forest management on ecosystem services, facilitating payments for these services and providing access to other benefits.
- **Communication and Transparency:** Provides a framework for forest managers to communicate their contributions to ecosystem services, enhancing transparency and accountability.
- **Business Value**: Adds business value for forest managers by providing access to benefits and payments for ecosystem services.
- Ecosystem Services Procedure: The FSC Ecosystem Services Procedure builds on FSC forest management certification by allowing forest managers or owners to make specific, credible claims about how their management activities contribute to maintaining and/or enhancing various ecosystem services. Verified impacts can include:
  - · Biodiversity Conservation
  - Carbon Storage and Sequestration
  - Watershed Services
  - Soil Conservation
  - Recreation Services

#### Applications in BIOTA:

- Enhanced Credibility: BIOTA can leverage FSC Ecosystem Services Certification to enhance the credibility of its biodiversity credits by demonstrating verified positive impacts on ecosystem services.
- Market Differentiation: The certification can help BIOTA differentiate its offerings in the biodiversity credit market, attracting investors and clients who prioritize sustainability and responsible management.
- **Increased Funding**: By showcasing the positive impacts on ecosystem services, BIOTA can facilitate payments and attract funding for its conservation projects, ensuring long-term sustainability and impact.

Source: https://anz.fsc.org/ecosystem-services

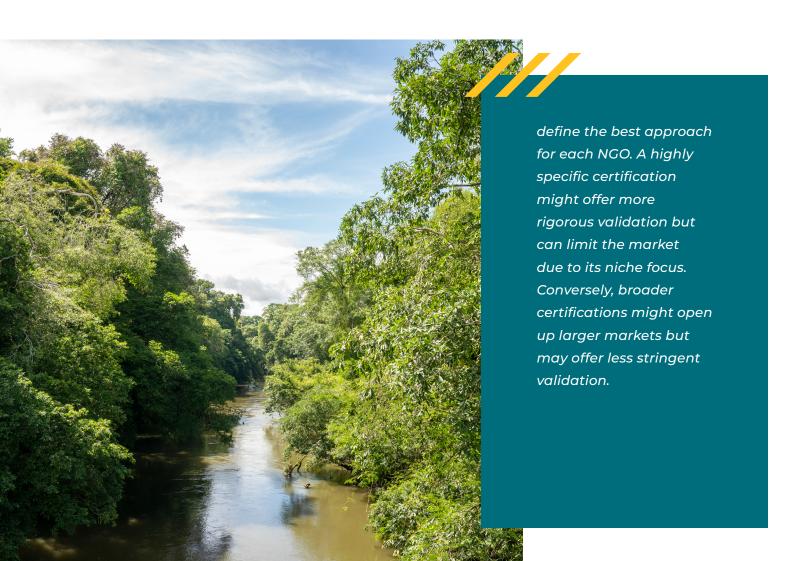


#### 2. BIODIVERSITY CERTIFICATIONS

- **SD-Vista** (**Verra**): This standard provides a comprehensive framework for assessing and verifying the impacts of conservation projects on biodiversity and sustainable development.
- **Gold Standard:** Known for its rigorous standards, the Gold Standard certification focuses on environmental and social impacts, ensuring high-quality outcomes.
- **Puro.Earth**: Specializing in carbon removal, Puro.Earth offers certifications that validate the carbon sequestration benefits of various conservation projects.

#### 3. VOLUNTARY CARBON MARKET FRAMEWORKS

- VCMI (Voluntary Carbon Market Integrity Initiative): Provides guidelines to enhance the integrity of voluntary carbon markets, ensuring that biodiversity credits are credible and impactful.
- ICVCM (Integrity Council for the Voluntary Carbon Market): Establishes standards and principles to maintain the transparency and accountability of carbon credits in voluntary markets.





A thorough risk assessment identifies potential challenges and opportunities for the site. Key factors to consider include:

- 1. **Ecological Risks**: These can include threats such as deforestation, habitat degradation, invasive species, and climate change impacts. Mitigating these risks involves implementing robust conservation and management plans.
- 2. Social Risks: Understanding the local community's social dynamics and potential conflicts is crucial. Engaging stakeholders and ensuring their participation in the project helps address these risks.
- **3. Economic Opportunities:** Biodiversity credits can provide economic incentives for conservation, offering opportunities for sustainable development and poverty alleviation. Identifying these opportunities enhances the project's attractiveness to investors and local communities.
- 4. Governance or Political Risks: Navigating the political landscape and governance structures is essential to ensure project success. Potential risks include changes in government policies, regulatory uncertainty, and political instability. The NGO might have strong relationships with local and national authorities, and understanding the political context can help mitigate these risks. Additionally, aligning the project with national conservation priorities and policies can garner governmental support and reduce bureaucratic hurdles.





#### CONFIGURING THE SUPPORT TEAM

A hybrid support team combining the expertise of the BIOTA team and the NGO's technical capabilities ensures the project's success. This team should include:

- **1. Ecologists and Biologists:** Experts who can conduct detailed ecological assessments and monitor biodiversity outcomes.
- **2. GIS Specialists:** Professionals who can analyze geospatial data and create detailed maps and site models.
- **3. Legal and Regulatory Advisors:** Specialists who can navigate the legal landscape and ensure compliance with all relevant regulations.
- 4. Community Engagement Coordinators can facilitate communication and collaboration with local communities, ensuring their involvement and support.
- **5. Project Managers:** Professionals who oversee the project, coordinate activities, and ensure milestones are met.



BIOTA offers comprehensive support for project design, requiring data and assistance throughout the project`s implementation. This approach ensures that the NGO retains project ownership, guaranteeing that the project is well-rounded and capable of addressing all aspects of biodiversity conservation and credit implementation.







# DEVELOPMENT OF PRICING AND BUSINESS MODEL

The pricing and business model are intrinsically linked, reflecting each site's unique characteristics and value. Although a standardized global price should be established, this is impractical due to each site's diverse components and varying ecological, social, and economic factors.

All available data and site-specific indicators are considered to construct a robust and fair pricing model. This includes ecological data, social impact metrics, and economic indicators that reflect the true value of the land and its conservation potential. By analyzing these diverse data points, a comprehensive understanding of the site's value is developed, which informs the pricing strategy.

#### CONTINGENT VALUATION EXERCISE

A contingent valuation exercise determines a pricing parameter that balances attractiveness for both landowners and potential buyers. This exercise involves assessing potential buyers' willingness to pay and the acceptable price range for landowners, ensuring that the price is fair and realistic. The goal is to establish a price that incentivizes conservation efforts without leading to unrealistic expectations or undermining the project's sustainability.

#### FAIR AND REALISTIC PRICING

The price set for biodiversity credits must be fair but realistic, achieving the primary objective of forest conservation or ecological restoration of priority areas. The pricing model should not aim for indiscriminate enrichment, which could lead to social issues and conflict. Instead, it should ensure that landowners receive adequate compensation for their conservation efforts while making the credits attractive to buyers committed to environmental sustainability. An example of this is the local model for BIOTA (Figure 1), which allows the organization to collect purchases directly from visitors.





#### **BIOTA LOCAL CLIENT JOURNAL**

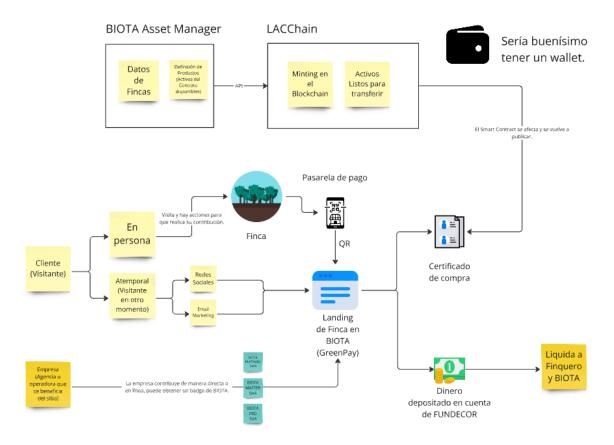


Figure 05. BIOTA Journey model for local ecotourism farms.

#### **ENSURING LONG-TERM SUSTAINABILITY**

The business model must align with long-term conservation and restoration goals. This involves developing financial strategies that support ongoing conservation efforts, such as reinvesting a portion of the proceeds into further ecological projects or community development programs. The business model should also incorporate mechanisms for monitoring and evaluation, ensuring that the conservation goals are being met and that the biodiversity credits maintain their value over time.

#### MARKET ENGAGEMENT AND ADAPTABILITY

To succeed, the pricing and business model must be adaptable to market conditions and responsive to meet the needs of both landowners and buyers. This includes understanding



market demand, regulatory environments, and potential economic shifts that could impact the value of biodiversity credits. The business model can ensure sustained interest and investment in biodiversity conservation by remaining flexible and responsive. For example, Figure 3 represents the users engaged with the market approach and sales process.

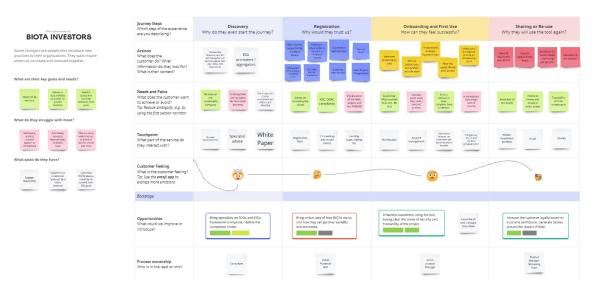
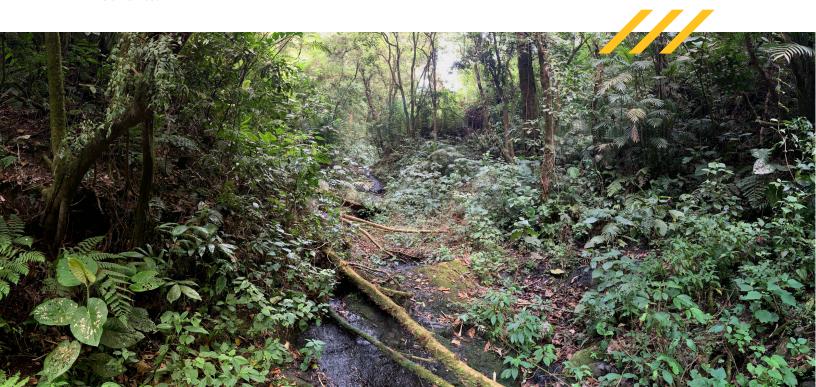




Figure 06. BIOTA Journey model global biodiversity market.

Developing a pricing and business model for biodiversity credits involves a detailed analysis of site-specific data, a contingent valuation exercise to set a fair and realistic price, and creating a sustainable business strategy that supports long-term conservation goals. This approach ensures that biodiversity credits are financially viable and promote ecological and social benefits.





### **PRICING DEFINITION**

To build an equation for assigning prices to units of a farm in BIOTA based on various indicators, we need to follow these steps:

#### **BASELINE PRICE:**

The baseline price (B), in the case of FUNDECOR is defined as the lower limit of the average value of Ramsar sites, as developed by the Economic Research Center of the National Universit<sup>28</sup>.

#### INDICATORS<sup>29</sup>

We have eight indicators used to assess the units:

- 1. Very Low Social Development Index (β)
- 2. Conservation Gaps (Importance for Conservation) (α)
- 3. Wild Protected Areas (y)
- 4. National Registry of Wetlands (δ)
- 5. Essential Areas for Biodiversity Support ( $\epsilon$ )
- 6. Biological Corridors (η)
- 7. Water Priority  $(\theta)$
- 8. Prediction of Loss of Tree Cover in the Period of 2021–2025 ( $\xi$ )

#### CATEGORIZING THE INDICATORS:

**Ecological Indicators:** These indicators are related to the ecological aspects of the units.

$$E = \frac{\alpha + \gamma + \delta + \epsilon + \eta + \theta}{6}$$

**Social Indicators:** These indicators:

$$S = \frac{\beta + \xi}{2}$$

 $<sup>^{28}\</sup> https://www.sinac.go.cr/ES/docu/Inventario%20Nacional%20Humedales/VALORACI%C3%93N%20ECON%C3%93MICA%20DE%20SIETE%20HUMEDALES%20RAMSAR.pdf$ 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>29</sup> These indicators respond to FUNDECOR's model which can be adjusted depending in the availability of data in the site.



**Sustainable Development Indicators:** These indicators represent sustainable practices and certifications.

$$D = rac{eta + \epsilon + \zeta}{3}$$

Here,  $\zeta$  represents certifications and sustainable development practices.

#### WEIGHTS FOR EACH CATEGORY:

- Ecological weight (We) = 0.50
- Social weight (Ws) = 0.30
- Sustainable development weight (Wd) = 0.20

#### CALCULATING THE TOTAL DISCOUNT (TD):

The total discount is calculated by weighting each category and summing them up.

$$TD = W_e \cdot E + W_s \cdot S + W_d \cdot D$$
  
 $TD = 0.50 \cdot \frac{\alpha + \gamma + \delta + \epsilon + \eta + \theta}{6} + 0.30 \cdot \frac{\beta + \xi}{2} + 0.20 \cdot \frac{\beta + \epsilon + \zeta}{3}$ 

#### **Final Price Calculation:**

• The final price (FP) for each unit is determined by applying the total discount to the baseline price.

$$FP = B \cdot (1 - TD)$$

#### **COMBINED EQUATION:**

Combining all the steps, the final price equation becomes:

$$FP = B \cdot \left(1 - \left(0.50 \cdot rac{lpha + \gamma + \delta + \epsilon + \eta + heta}{6} + 0.30 \cdot rac{eta + \xi}{2} + 0.20 \cdot rac{eta + \epsilon + \zeta}{3}
ight)
ight)$$



#### **EXPLANATION:**

- **1. Baseline Price** (*B*): The starting point for pricing each unit is based on the lower limit of the average value of Ramsar sites.
- **2. Indicators** (*E*, *S*, *D*): Each indicator contributes to the ecological, social, or sustainable development score.
- 3. **Weights** ((*We*), (*Ws*), (*Wd*)): These weights determine the importance of each category in the overall discount.
- **4. Total Discount** (*TD*): This is calculated by combining the weighted scores from all categories.
- **5. Final Price** (*FP*): The final price is the baseline price reduced by the total discount, ensuring that units with better scores in ecological, social, and sustainable practices are priced more favorably.



This approach is explicitly tailored for BIOTA Conservation and FUNDECOR, considering the North-Atlantic Zone's capability to gather the necessary data and its importance for characterizing the unique ecosystem and private-owned format under a Sustainable Forest Management Certification. It is also adaptable to various areas, with prices adjustable based on demand, policy, or economic regulations specific to each site or region.

# THESEADDING OTHER EVALUATIONS TO BIODIVERSITY GAINS

BIOTA aims to incorporate additional scientific methodologies into its evaluation framework, bringing the concept of "Biodiversity Gain" into the equation to assess improvements in biodiversity. However, due to the complexity of measuring tropical ecosystems, we are cautious about reducing biodiversity value to a single number. Instead, we prefer to analyze landscape proxies for a more comprehensive and accurate assessment and add the certification layer.

### IUCN BIODIVERSITY NET GAIN METHODOLOGY<sup>30</sup>

#### Overview:

The International Union for Conservation of Nature (IUCN) promotes a Biodiversity Net Gain (BNG) approach to ensure that development projects result in a net positive impact on biodiversity. This methodology is based on the Mitigation Hierarchy, which prioritizes avoiding and minimizing impacts on biodiversity, followed by restoration and, as a last resort, biodiversity offsets.

#### **Key Components:**

- Mitigation Hierarchy: Steps include avoidance, minimization, restoration, and offsets.
- Systematic Approach: Involves evaluating biodiversity impacts, setting conservation goals, and implementing actions to achieve net gains.
- Independent Review Protocol: A tool for assessing progress towards BNG and identifying potential implementation challenges.

#### Applications:

- Corporate Projects: Utilized by companies like Rio Tinto and Shell to achieve net positive biodiversity outcomes.
- **Policy Development:** Assists governments and organizations in creating policies integrating biodiversity conservation with development.

#### Benefits:

- Enhanced Biodiversity: Ensures development projects contribute positively to biodiversity.
- Sustainable Development: Balances economic growth with environmental conservation.

#### Sources:

1: IUCN Biodiversity Net Gain

2: IUCN Review Protocol for Biodiversity Net Gain

3: Net Positive Impact on Biodiversity Source: https://anz.fsc.org/ecosystem-services





## SYSTEMATIZATION AND DATA MANAGEMENT

All collected data, along with the pricing model and other considerations, are systematically organized to facilitate the deployment of the BIOTA market for the specific NGO. The system features a robust backend that supports various functionalities:

#### **BIOTA ADMIN CAPABILITIES:**

- **Create Entity Profiles:** Administrators can set up profiles for different entities involved in the market.
- **Approve, Disapprove, or Cancel Farm Publications:** Administrators can manage farms' publication status.

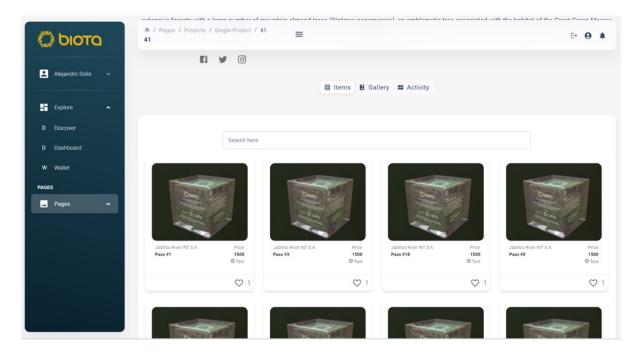


Figure 07. NFTs representation of the Token in BIOTA's screen.

- Manage API for Blockchain Integration: Facilitates seamless integration with blockchain technology.
- Run Universal Functions: Execute core functions essential for the BIOTA system's overall operation.



#### **BIOTA ENTITY PROFILE CAPABILITIES:**

- Add Farms: Entities can list their farms on the platform.
- Edit Descriptions and Upload Documentation: Entities can provide detailed descriptions and upload relevant documentation, including media files such as PDFs, documents, and images.
- Manage Asset Configuration for Farms: Configure and manage the assets associated with each farm.
- **Display Reports:** Generate and view reports on available and allocated assets, disaggregated by farm.
- Add More Farms: Entities can continue to expand their listings by adding new farms.
- Contact BIOTA Support: Entities have access to BIOTA support for assistance.

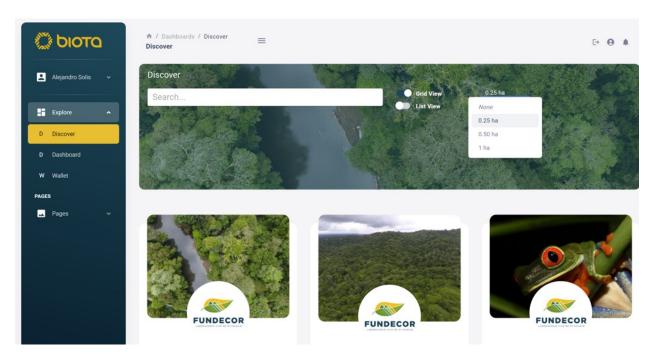


Figure 08. BIOTA's Administrative interface for Investors.





#### **INVESTOR PROFILE CAPABILITIES:**

- **Explore Farms**: Investors can browse through the listed farms.
- **Filter Assets:** Investors can filter assets by region, purpose, or temporality to find those that meet their specific criteria.
- **Check Wallet/Portfolio:** Investors can view and manage their digital wallet or investment portfolio.

BIOTA Technology facilitates the integration of various MRV (Monitoring, Reporting, and Verification) technologies, including trap cameras, and other remote or data services, to enhance the functionality and effectiveness of biodiversity credits.



### **BIODATA COLLECTION AND ANALYSIS**

Each project will be enhanced with data that accurately represents the biodiversity and ecosystem services of the site. While a baseline may be established for all farms, some farms might possess specific data that can be added. The types of data collected can include:

- **High-Resolution Land Cover**: Detailed maps showing the types and distribution of land cover within the project area.
- **Biodiversity Hotspots**: Identification of areas with exceptionally high levels of biodiversity.
- **Conservation Priorities:** Key areas identified as priorities for conservation efforts based on various ecological criteria.
- Hydrological Priority Sites: Crucial for water resources, including watersheds and aquifers.
- Wildlife: Data on the presence and populations of various wildlife species.
- **Biological Corridors:** Information on natural pathways facilitating wildlife movement and genetic exchange.
- **Protection Buffer Zones:** Areas designated to provide a protective buffer around core conservation zones.
- Social Index: Metrics assessing the socio-economic conditions and impacts on local communities.
- Cultural Value: Recognition of areas with significant cultural or historical importance.
- Others: Additional relevant data contribute to a comprehensive understanding of the site's ecological and socio-economic context.

This collection and analysis of biodata ensure that each project is well-informed and tailored to the site's specific characteristics and needs.





### **TOKENIZATION**

The tokenization process is facilitated through integration with LACChain, a global alliance led by the Inter-American Development Bank's Innovation Lab (BID Lab) to develop the blockchain ecosystem in Latin America and the Caribbean.

#### PUBLIC-PERMISSIONED BLOCKCHAIN

LACChain<sup>31</sup> provides blockchain infrastructure known as a public-permissioned ledger. This Distributed Ledger Technology (DLT) creates secure, shared, synchronized digital records that are continuously updated and tamper-proof. Blockchain information is grouped into blocks that require a consensus protocol to be generated. Smart contracts within these networks allow for asset digitization and process automation.

### **Agnostic Technology**

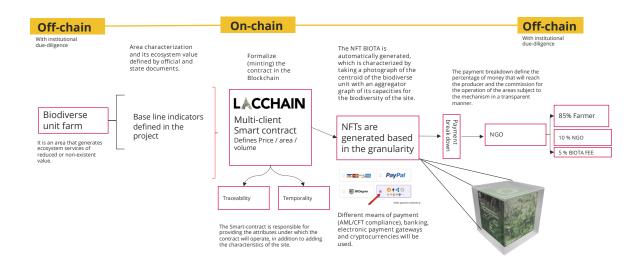


Figure 09. Tokenization Process using LACChain

<sup>31</sup> https://www.lacchain.net/home



#### API AND SMART CONTRACT INTEGRATION

The integration includes an API that feeds the Smart Contract created on the Mainnet Omega. This smart contract manages multiple clients (farms), with each NGO having its own contract. Transactions are publicly available, ensuring transparency and accountability. This system tokenizes assets and enables various medium—and long—term transaction methods.

Through this integration, BIOTA leverages blockchain technology to ensure transparency, security, and efficiency in managing biodiversity credits and in trading these assets in the future.



## MARKET LAUNCH AND COMMERCIALIZATION

Following the development of the business model in step B, the go-to-market strategy is initiated. BIOTA supports the NGO throughout this process, leveraging its expertise and resources to ensure a successful market entry. However, the NGO is acknowledged to have a deeper understanding of its specific channels and audience, making its leadership in this phase essential.

BIOTA is a facilitator and connector between interested investors and biodiversity credit projects. By promoting the projects transparently, BIOTA helps bridge the gap between supply and demand in the biodiversity credits market. This role includes providing project visibility, enhancing investor confidence through clear and open communication, and ensuring that all relevant information is accessible.

#### NGO LEADERSHIP

Despite BIOTA's supportive role, the NGO takes the lead in the commercialization and placement of biodiversity credits. This involves:

- Leveraging Existing Networks: Utilizing their established connections and relationships within their community and beyond to attract potential buyers.
- Targeted Marketing: Developing and implementing targeted marketing campaigns to highlight the unique value proposition of their biodiversity credits. This includes creating promotional materials, engaging in direct outreach, and participating in relevant events and forums.



- **Investor Relations:** Building and maintaining strong relationships with investors, providing detailed information about the projects, and addressing any queries or concerns they might have.
- Transparency and Reporting: Ensuring all transactions and project details are transparently reported fosters trust and credibility among investors.

BIOTA ensures that the engagement between investors and the NGO is conducted transparently. This includes:

- **Providing Platforms for Interaction:** Creating and maintaining platforms where investors can easily find and engage with biodiversity credit projects.
- Ensuring Clear Communication: Facilitating clear and consistent communication between the NGO and potential investors helps align expectations and mutual understanding.
- **Supporting Due Diligence**: Assisting investors in their due diligence processes by providing accurate and comprehensive data about the projects and the potential impacts of their investments.





# **Future Outlook**

# EXPANSION PLANS: BIOTA'S VISION FOR FUTURE GROWTH AND EXPANSION

BIOTA is dedicated to scaling its impact on biodiversity conservation through strategic growth and expansion. These plans focus on extending BIOTA's reach to new regions, providing accessible tools for NGOs, forming strategic alliances, and fostering innovations that enhance conservation practices.

# BIOTA EXPANSION TO CENTRAL AMERICA AND THE CARIBBEAN

Central America and the Caribbean present a unique blend of ecological diversity and socio-economic challenges, making them ideal regions for BIOTA's expansion. The region is characterized by its rich biodiversity, with numerous ecosystems ranging from tropical rainforests to coral reefs. However, these areas are also vulnerable to environmental degradation, climate change, and socio-economic disparities.

BIOTA's expansion strategy in this region will consider these complexities while leveraging the similarities across the region to implement scalable conservation projects. Key focus areas will include:

- Understanding Local Contexts: Central America and Caribbean countries have unique environmental and socio-political landscapes. BIOTA will invest in understanding these contexts to tailor its conservation efforts effectively.
- Collaborative Efforts: Engaging with local NGOs, governments, and community organizations will be crucial. BIOTA aims to build strong partnerships that foster community participation and ownership of conservation projects.
- Capacity Building: Strengthening the capacities of local organizations and stakeholders to manage and sustain biodiversity projects. This includes training on data collection, analysis, and using BIOTA's tools and methodologies.
- **Policy Advocacy:** Working with local and national governments to promote policies that support biodiversity conservation and sustainable development.



By addressing these key areas, BIOTA aims to create impactful and sustainable conservation initiatives that protect biodiversity and enhance the livelihoods of local communities in Central America and the Caribbean.

#### RELEASE OF BIOTA'S WHITE-LABEL SOFTWARE

BIOTA will release its white-label software to democratize access to effective conservation tools. This software will enable NGOs to freely collect their data and engage with BIOTA's project design process, streamlining their efforts to implement and manage biodiversity credits.

Key features of the white-label software will include:

- **User-Friendly Interface:** An intuitive interface that allows NGOs to input and manage data easily.
- **Data Management:** Tools for collecting, storing, and analyzing biodiversity data, ensuring comprehensive and accurate project reporting.
- **Integration Capabilities:** Compatibility with various MRV (Monitoring, Reporting, and Verification) technologies, such as ecoacoustics and remote sensing.
- **Customization**: Flexibility for NGOs to tailor the software to meet their specific needs and contexts.

This initiative aims to empower local organizations by providing them with the necessary tools to participate actively in the global biodiversity credit market, thereby amplifying their conservation efforts.

### **ALLIANCES AND PARTNERSHIPS**

BIOTA is actively seeking partnerships with other organizations to collaborate on the functioning and validation of its mechanisms. These alliances are critical for scaling BIOTA's impact and ensuring the credibility and effectiveness of its conservation efforts.

- Collaborative Projects: BIOTA partners with organizations that share its vision to develop
  conservation projects involving local community portfolios. These collaborations aim
  to create sustainable conservation initiatives that benefit both the environment and the
  communities involved.
- Investor and Collaborator Engagement: Welcoming investors and collaborators passionate about environmental conservation. These stakeholders can provide financial resources



- and other forms of support to help BIOTA expand its reach and impact.
- **Knowledge Sharing:** Forming alliances with individuals and organizations that can contribute ideas, knowledge, and experience to advance BIOTA's mission. These allies can offer valuable insights and innovative solutions to improve BIOTA's conservation practices.

#### **FUTURE IMPACT AND VISION**

Looking ahead, BIOTA envisions a future where biodiversity credits are a widely recognized and utilized tool for conservation finance. This future includes:

- **Global Market Integration**: Establishing biodiversity credits as a mainstream financial product traded in global markets alongside carbon credits and other sustainability assets.
- Widespread Adoption: Encouraging businesses, investors, and governments to adopt biodiversity credits as a standard practice in their sustainability strategies.
- **Innovative Conservation Solutions:** Continuing to develop and implement innovative solutions that address the complex challenges of biodiversity loss and climate change.

BIOTA's long-term impact will be measured in both ecological and socio-economic terms, including:

- Ecological Restoration: Achieving measurable improvements in biodiversity health, habitat restoration, and species conservation across diverse ecosystems.
- **Sustainable Development**: Promoting economic growth and social well-being in communities engaged in conservation efforts, creating a model for sustainable development that can be replicated globally.

By pursuing these ambitious goals, BIOTA aims to lead the way in creating a sustainable future for our planet through innovative, equitable, and effective biodiversity conservation.

# INNOVATIONS: POTENTIAL INNOVATIONS AND IMPROVEMENTS IN METHODOLOGY AND TECHNOLOGY

BIOTA is dedicated to continuous improvement and innovation in its methodologies and technologies. By aligning with global standards and leveraging advanced technologies, BIOTA seeks to enhance the effectiveness and efficiency of its conservation efforts.



# ALIGNING METHODOLOGIES WITH GLOBAL STANDARDS

BIOTA acknowledges the significant global efforts made in recent years to develop robust conservation practices. To ensure the highest quality and universal acceptance of its methodologies, BIOTA aims to align its practices with recognized global standards. This alignment will facilitate international collaboration and open up new funding opportunities. By adhering to these standards, BIOTA can ensure its projects meet the rigorous criteria required for global recognition and support.

#### Special Purpose Vehicles (SPVS)

To attract more capital to conservation projects, BIOTA plans to design Special Purpose Vehicles (SPVs). These SPVs will provide structured investment opportunities for investors interested in supporting biodiversity credits. By creating a dedicated investment structure, BIOTA can streamline the flow of global finance into its conservation processes, thereby increasing the impact and scalability of its projects.

#### Alliances with Nature Technology Companies

BIOTA is exploring partnerships with nature technology companies to enhance its Monitoring, Reporting, and Verification (MRV) options. By integrating cutting-edge technologies such as advanced sensors, drones, and AI-driven analytics, BIOTA can significantly improve the accuracy and efficiency of biodiversity monitoring and reporting. These technologies will enable real-time data collection and analysis, providing deeper insights into the health and progress of conservation efforts.

### Participative Methods

BIOTA is committed to making its processes more participative by involving local communities and stakeholders in decision-making. This approach ensures that conservation efforts are scientifically sound and culturally and socially relevant. By engaging local communities, BIOTA fosters greater support and engagement, ensuring that conservation initiatives are sustainable and beneficial to the people who live in and around these ecosystems.



#### **Future Innovations**

BIOTA's commitment to innovation extends beyond current practices. Future plans include:

- Blockchain-Enhanced Transparency: Continuing to refine and expand the use of blockchain technology to ensure even greater transparency and traceability in biodiversity credits transactions.
- AI and Machine Learning: Leveraging AI and machine learning to predict and model biodiversity trends, allowing for proactive and adaptive management of conservation projects.
- Mobile Applications: Developing mobile applications to facilitate community participation
  and data collection, making it easier for local stakeholders to contribute to conservation
  efforts.
- Global Knowledge Exchange: Establishing platforms for global knowledge exchange where conservationists, researchers, and stakeholders can share insights, best practices, and technological advancements.

By embracing these potential innovations and improvements, BIOTA aims to stay at the forefront of biodiversity conservation, ensuring that its methodologies and technologies continuously evolve to meet the challenges of preserving our planet's natural heritage.









# Conclusion

This whitepaper provides a comprehensive overview of BIOTA's approach to biodiversity conservation through the innovative use of biodiversity credits. The document outlines the critical aspects of BIOTA's strategy, which integrates advanced technology, strategic partnerships, and community engagement to achieve measurable and impactful conservation outcomes.

- BIOTA is committed to leveraging biodiversity credits to create sustainable conservation projects that protect the environment and provide socioeconomic benefits to local communities. Our vision is to establish a robust market for biodiversity credits that supports global conservation efforts and drives positive environmental impact.
- The whitepaper delves into BIOTA's phased approach, which includes NGO engagement, technical site characterization, development of pricing and business models, systematization and data management, and market launch and commercialization. Each phase ensures that biodiversity credits are credible, scientifically sound, and marketable.
- BIOTA's plans for future growth focus on expanding into Central America and the Caribbean. This region offers a unique blend of ecological diversity and socio-economic challenges, making it an ideal area for impactful conservation projects. The expansion strategy includes understanding local contexts, collaborative efforts, capacity building, and policy advocacy.



- Advanced technology, such as high-resolution land cover mapping, and blockchain, is a cornerstone of BIOTA's approach. These technologies enhance the accuracy of biodiversity monitoring, ensure data integrity, and facilitate transparent and secure transactions.
- BIOTA actively seeks alliances with other organizations to enhance the credibility and
  effectiveness of its conservation efforts. Partnerships with NGOs, investors, and technology
  companies are crucial for scaling impact and ensuring the success of biodiversity credit
  projects.
- The business model for biodiversity credits is carefully developed to be fair and realistic. It balances the needs of landowners and investors while focusing on long-term conservation goals. The whitepaper highlights the importance of contingent valuation and the integration of financial strategies that support ongoing conservation efforts.
- BIOTA is committed to continuous improvement and innovation, aligning its methodologies with global standards, exploring special purpose vehicles for financing, and designing new participative methods for stakeholder engagement.





### WHY JOIN US?

The whitepaper highlights BIOTA's comprehensive biodiversity conservation approach, emphasizing collaboration, innovation, and financial sustainability. By engaging with BIOTA, stakeholders can be part of a groundbreaking initiative that leverages the power of biodiversity credits to achieve lasting environmental impact. Together, we can create a sustainable future for our planet and its inhabitants.

# ENCOURAGEMENT FOR STAKEHOLDERS TO ENGAGE WITH BIOTA

BIOTA's success and the broader impact of biodiversity credits depend on the active participation and collaboration of various stakeholders. We invite NGOs, investors, technology partners, and community leaders to join us in this transformative journey.

- 1. For NGOs: We encourage NGOs to leverage BIOTA's white-label software to efficiently collect and manage their data. By engaging with BIOTA, NGOs can access advanced tools and methodologies, ensuring their conservation projects are scientifically robust and financially sustainable. Partnering with BIOTA will enhance your ability to attract funding and support, ultimately amplifying your conservation efforts.
- 2. **For Investors:** Investors play a crucial role in driving the success of biodiversity credits. We invite you to explore the unique investment opportunities offered by BIOTA. Your financial support can catalyze significant environmental and social benefits, contributing to the global effort to combat biodiversity loss.
- 3. For Technology Partners: BIOTA seeks to collaborate with technology companies that can provide innovative solutions to enhance our monitoring, reporting, and verification processes. Your expertise in remote sensing, blockchain, and data analytics can significantly contribute to the accuracy and transparency of biodiversity credits. Together, we can develop cutting-edge technologies that set new standards in conservation.
- 4. For Community Leaders: Engagement from local communities is essential for the success of any conservation project. We invite community leaders to work with BIOTA to ensure conservation efforts are inclusive and beneficial to local populations. Your insights and participation can help shape culturally and socially relevant projects, ensuring long-term sustainability and community support.

